Nanosilver alleviates foreign body reaction and facilitates wound repair by regulating macrophage polarization

Chuangang YOU¹, Zhikang ZHU¹, Shuangshuang WANG^{1,2}, Xingang WANG¹, Chunmao HAN¹, Huawei SHAO¹

¹Department of Burns & Wound Care Center, the Second Affiliated Hospital, Zhejiang University School of Medicine, Hangzhou 310009, China

²Department of Burns, the First People's Hospital of Wenling, Wenling 317500, China



Fig. S1 Rat model experimental design. Nanosilver-loaded collagen-chitosan scaffolds (NAg-CCS) (one on one side and a blank CCS on the other) were implanted in specific-pathogen-free Sprague-Dawley rats, about 2 cm parallel from the spine. Rats from different groups were euthanized on postoperative Days 3 (n=6) and 7 (n=6), and the implants were harvested for subsequent experiments. Implant samples were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde and processed for hematoxylin and cosin (HE) staining. Also, fragments were subjected to immunohistochemistry (IHC) with primary antibodies anti-matrix metalloproteinase 1 (MMP-1) or anti-metallopeptidase inhibitor 1 (TIMP-1). In contrast, others were processed for immunofluorescence (IF) with anti-interleukin 6 (IL-6) or anti-interleukin 10 (IL-10) primary antibodies. Meanwhile, frozen (-80 °C) samples were used to quantify the relative expression of *IL-6* and *IL-10* mRNA by qRT-PCR.



Fig. S2 Experimental design for wound transplantation of scaffolds in miniature pigs. NAg-CCSs and blank CCSs were transplanted in the backs of miniature pigs, about 4 cm parallel from the spine, three scaffolds on each side. Pigs from different groups were euthanized on postoperative Days 7, 10, 14, 21, 28, and 60, and skin samples were harvested for subsequent experiments. Implant samples were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde and processed for hematoxylin and eosin (HE) and Masson staining. Also, fragments were subjected to analysis of Collagen II, COllagen III, CD163, and CD68 on Days 7, 10, 14, 21, and 28. Frozen (-80 °C) samples were also used to quantify the relative mRNA expression of *iNOS*, arginase-1 (*ARG1*), *FIZZ-1*, *MHC-II*, *IL-6*, and *IFN-* γ by qRT-PCR on Days 7, 10, 14, and 21.

Table S1 Filmer sequences for quantitative reverse transcription qK1-rCK of rat samples		
Gene	Primer sequence*	
Rat GADPH	F: GATGCTGGTGCTGAGTATGRCG	
	R: GTGGTGCAGGATGCATTGCTCTGA	
Rat IL-6	F: ATGAAGTTTCTCTCCGCAAGAGACT	
	R: TACTTCAAAGAGAGGCGTTCTCTGA	
Rat IL-10	F: ATGCCTGGCTCAGCACTGCTATGTT	
	R: TACGGACCGAGTCGTGACGATACAA	

 Table S1
 Primer sequences for quantitative reverse transcription qRT-PCR of rat samples

*Designed and synthesized by Sangon Biotech (Shanghai, China)

 Table S2
 Primer sequences for quantitative reverse transcription qRT-PCR of miniature pig samples

Gene	Primer sequence	
Pig 18S	F: GCCCTATCAACTTTCGATGGTAGTC	
	R: CCTTGGATGTGGTAGCCGTTTCTCA	
Pig <i>iNOS</i>	F: AGGCTCAAATCGCAGCAGAATC	
	R: TGCCCTCACAGCAGAGTTCCA	
Pig ARG1	F: TTCTCCAAGGGTCAGCCACG	
	R: GTCATTAGGGACATCAGCAAAGCA	
Pig FIZZ-1	F: CCCTCCTCTTCCTCCCAACCCT	
	R: TGGCGACATCCCGGATCTTC	
Pig MHC-II	F: GAGCCCACGGTGACGGTGTA	
	R: GTCCAGTCTCCATTAGGGATCAGG	
Pig IL-6	F: GCCTTCAGTCCAGTCGCCTTCT	
	R: GTGGCATCACCTTTGGCATCTTC	
Pig IFN-y	F: AGCTCTGGGAAACTGAATGACTTCG	
	R: ACTGATGGCTTTGCGCTGGA	
Pig COL1A1	F: GCGGAGGAGGCTATGACTTTGG	
	R: GGGTCTGAGTGAAGGCTGTGAG	
Pig COLI3A1	F: GAGTGGAAGAGCGGAGACTACTG	
	R: GTCTCCATGTTGCAGAAGACTTTCA	
Pig CD68	F: CCAAGCTCTACTGGGGGCTCTTGG	
	R: GACCTTGGTTTTGTTCGGGTTCA	
Pig CD163	F: GGCCGAGTTAATGCCAGTGAGG	
	R: GTCACGCCAGCGTCTTCTTTGT	

*Designed and synthesized by Sangon Biotech (Shanghai, China)