

Mechanics of dielectric elastomers: materials, structures and devices

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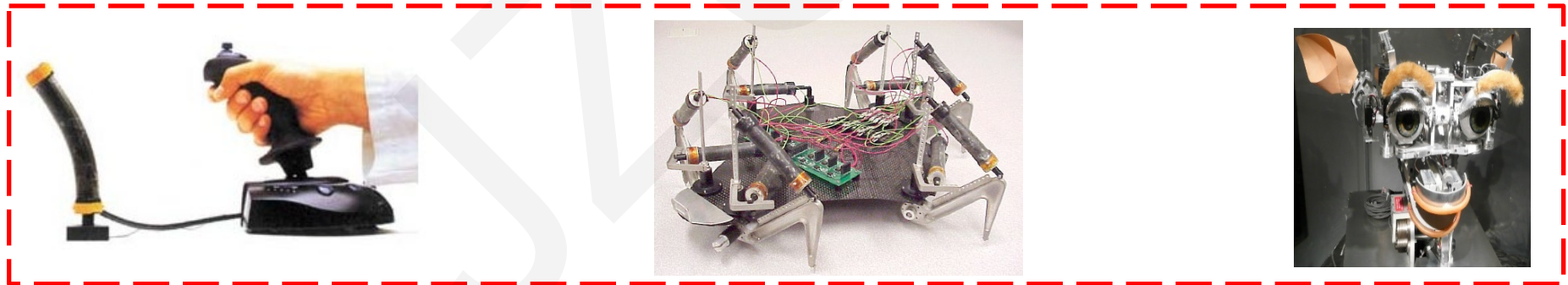
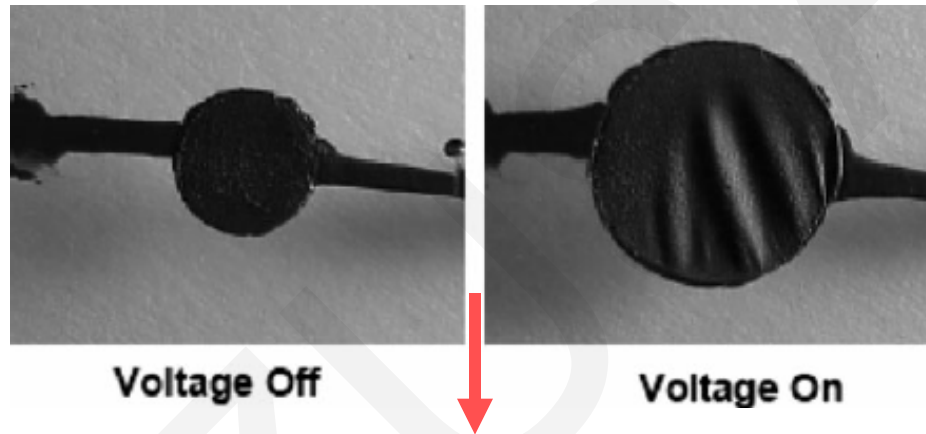
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Dielectric elastomers and artificial muscles

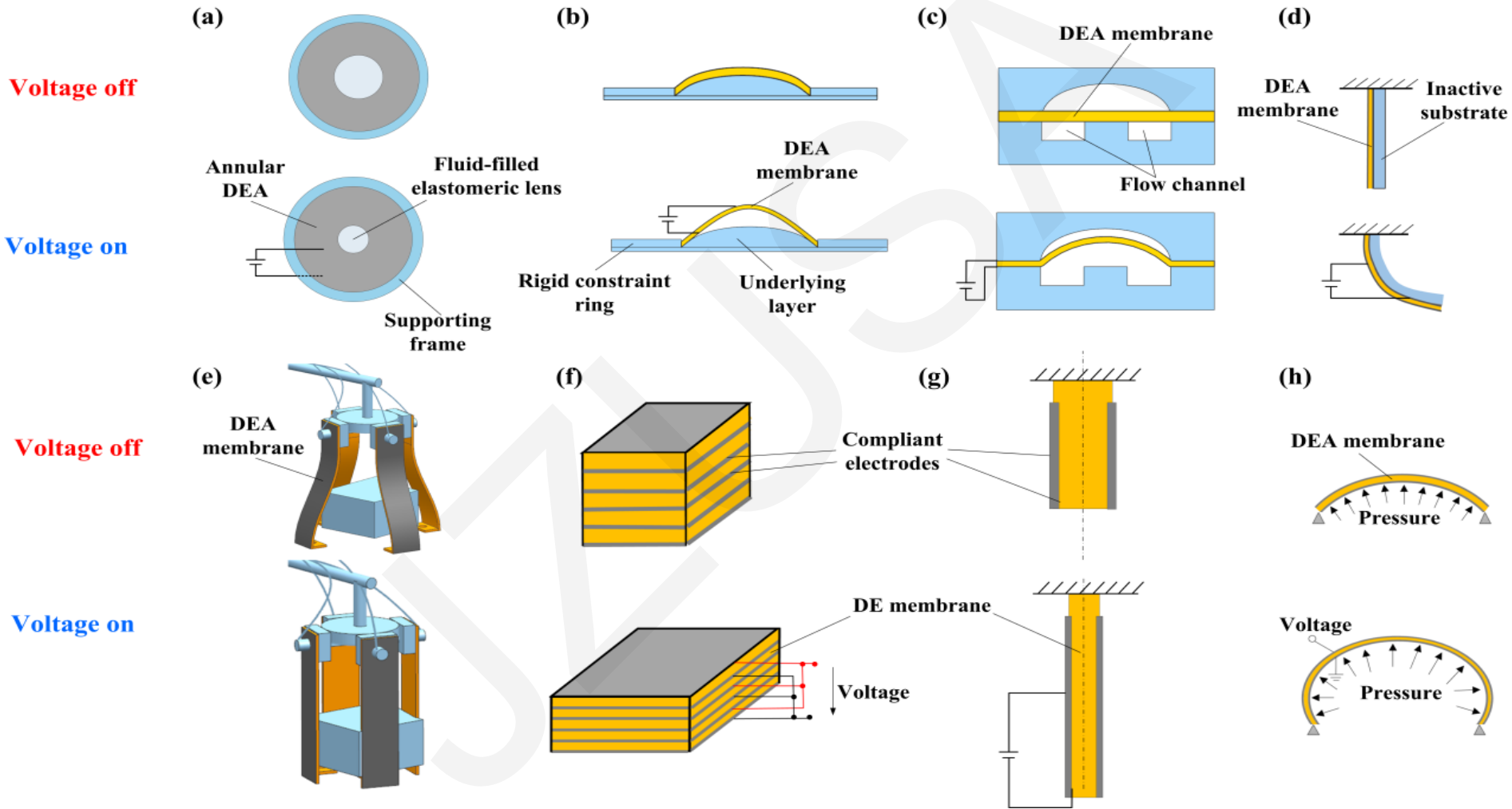
Dielectric elastomer (DE):

to generate large deformation under electric stimuli

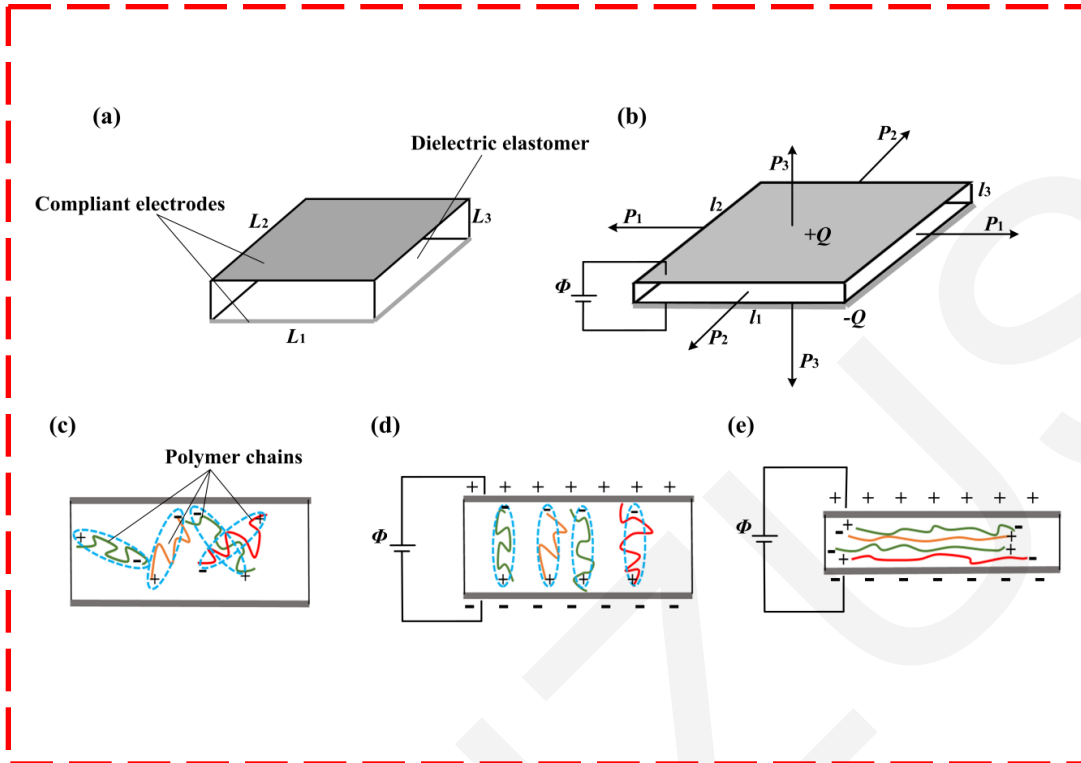


in mimicking motions of natural muscles

Representative DE actuators



Working principle of DE actuators



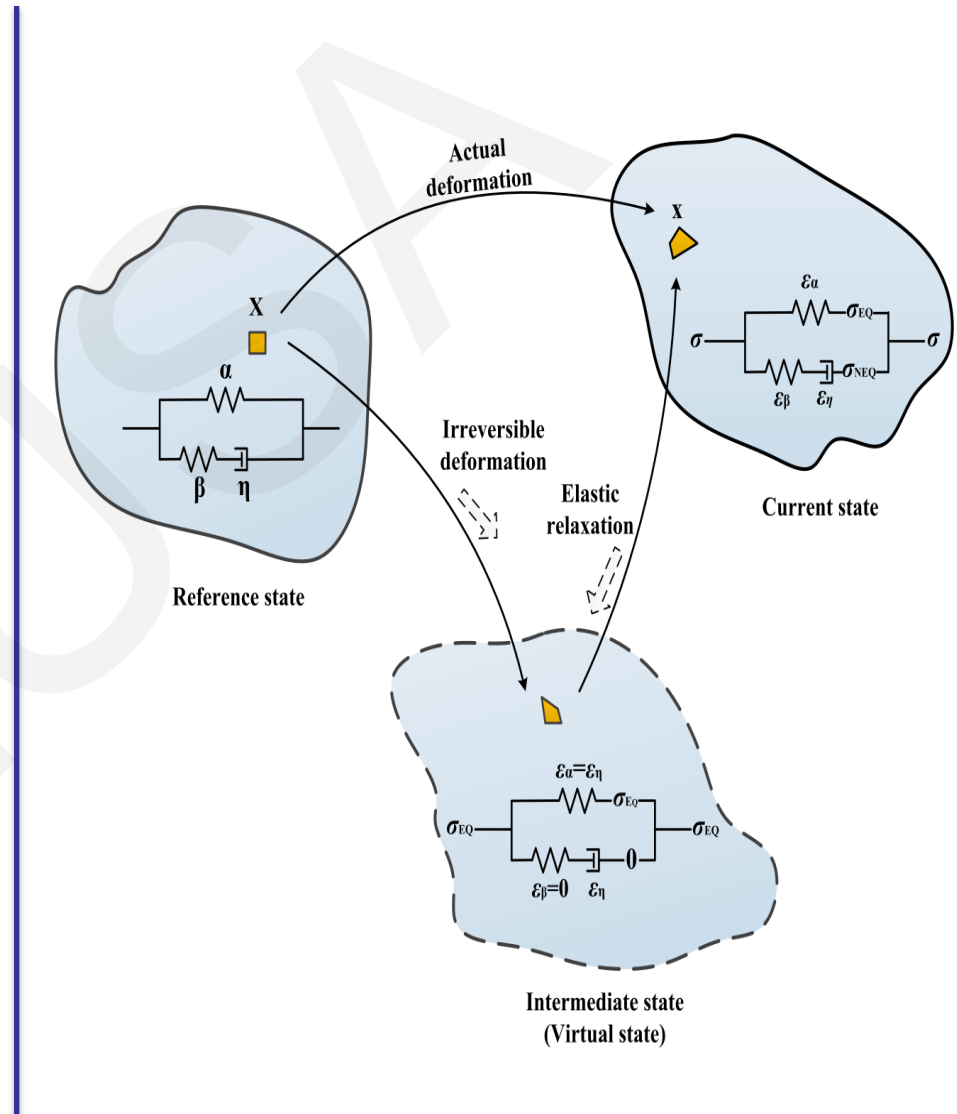
- Electromechanical coupling
- Constitutive laws
- Viscoelastic behaviors
- Electromechanical instability
- Energy function

Analytical models:
non-equilibrium thermodynamics

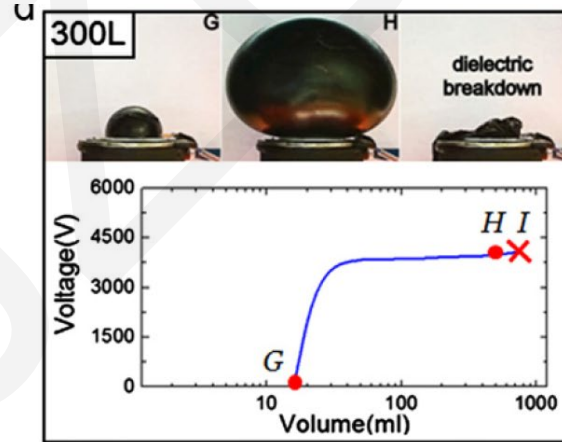
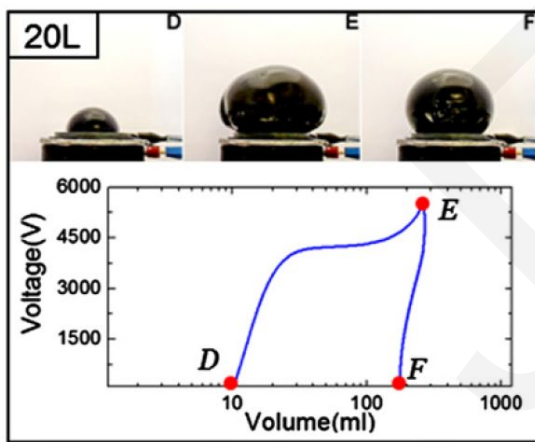
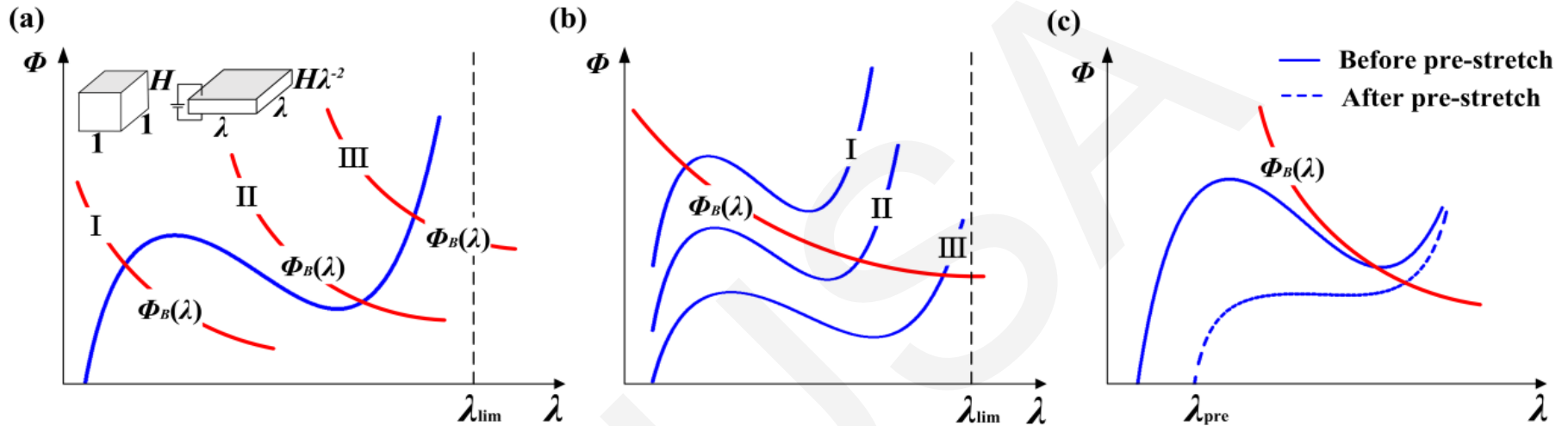
Computational models:
finite element method

Deformation: energy function & viscoelasticity

Energy functions ^o	Function forms ^o
neo-Hookean Model^o	$W_s = \frac{G}{2} (\lambda_1^2 + \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_1^{-2} \lambda_2^{-2} - 3)$
Gent Model^o	$W_s = -\frac{G J_{lim}}{2} \log\left(1 - \frac{\lambda_1^2 + \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_1^{-2} \lambda_2^{-2} - 3}{J_{lim}}\right)$
Mooney-Rivlin Model^o	$W_s = C_1 (I_1 - 3) + C_2 (I_2 - 3)$ $I_1 = \lambda_1^2 + \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_3^2, \quad I_2 = \lambda_1^2 \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_2^2 \lambda_3^2 + \lambda_3^2 \lambda_1^2$
Yeoh Model^o	$W_s = \frac{C_1}{2} (I_1 - 3) + \frac{C_2}{2} (I_1 - 3)^2 + \frac{C_3}{2} (I_1 - 3)^3$ $I_1 = \lambda_1^2 + \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_3^2$
Ogden Model^o	$W_s = \sum_{p=1}^N \frac{\mu_p}{\alpha_p} (\lambda_1^{\alpha_p} + \lambda_2^{\alpha_p} + \lambda_1^{-\alpha_p} \lambda_2^{-\alpha_p} - 3)$



Electromechanical instability of DEs



Li et al. (2013)

Giant voltage-induced deformation in dielectric elastomers near the verge of snap-through instability. *Journal of the Mechanics and Physics of Solids*, 61: 611-628.

Conclusive remarks and outlook

- **Involving researchers with various backgrounds:** mechanics, material science, chemistry, etc.
- **Theoretical and numerical approach:** providing a deeper understanding of the underlying electromechanical principles
- **New avenue to build DE-made soft machines with tunable properties:** biomedical devices, adaptive systems, robotics, energy harvesting, etc.

