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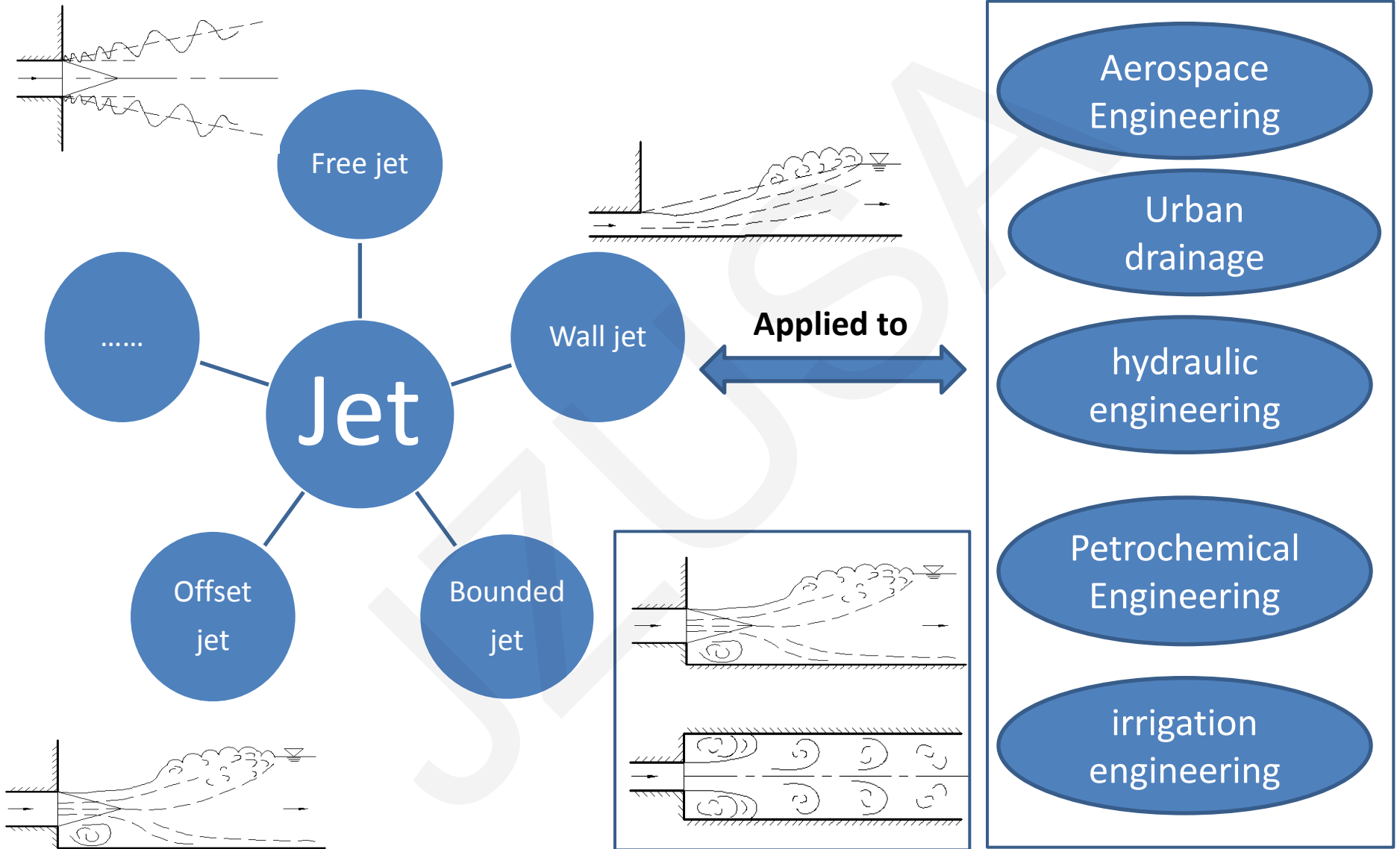
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1631/jzus.A1600761>

Characterization of the mean velocity of a circular jet in a bounded basin

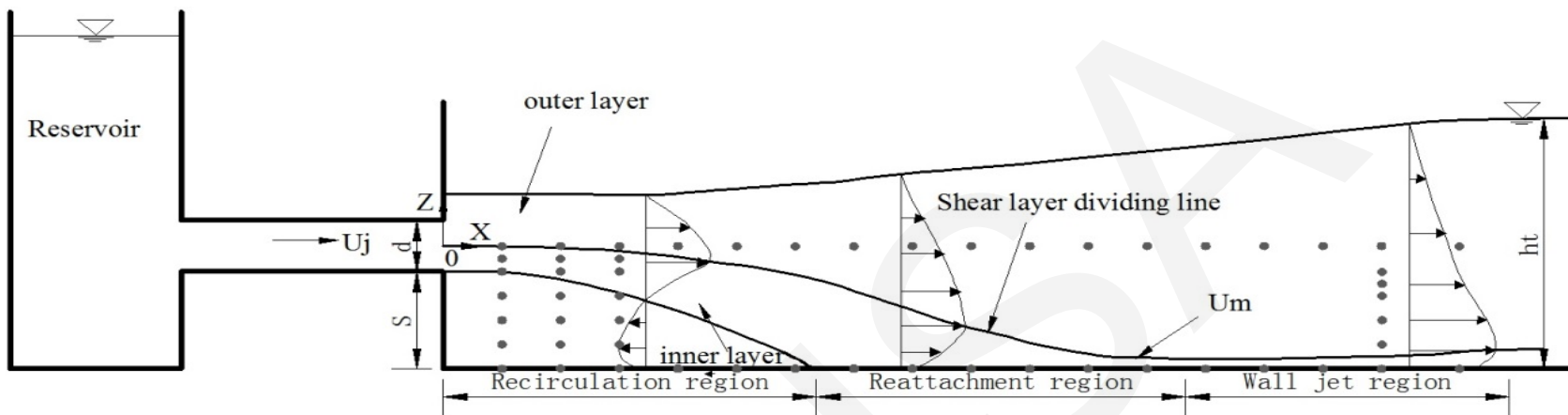
Jun-ning LI

Key words: Circular jet, Velocity decay, Fr , Offset height, Submergence ratio

Research background



Experimental configuration

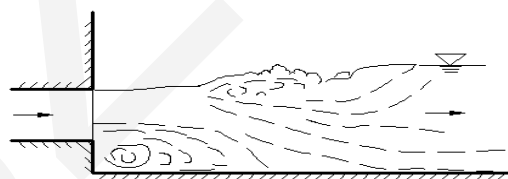


Sketch of the experimental circular jet with offset (side view)

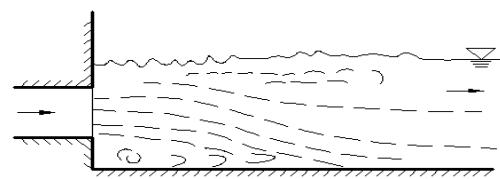
Flow pattern:



Surface jet



Mixed jet



Submerged jet

Experiment configuration

Experiment tests

Offset height: $S/d=1, 2, 3,$

Fr : $Fr=2.57, 3.46, 4.06, 5.30;$

Flow pattern: Surface jet, Mixed jet and Submerged jet.

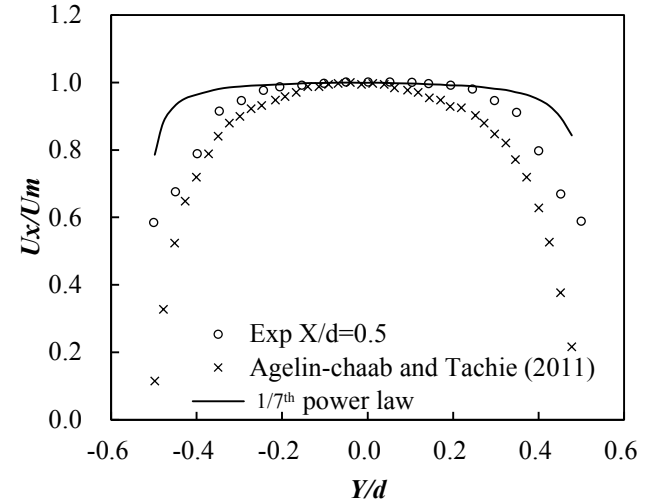
Velocity instrument: LGY-II propeller flow meter (Nanjing Hydraulic Research Institute)

Measurement accuracy: 1cm/s;

Measurement time: 5s;

Measurement velocity range : 0~7m/s.

Verification : pipe flow $1/7^{\text{th}}$ law.



Conclusions

- 1. A velocity decay formula for a circular jet was proposed, and the lateral velocity spread was more consistent with a Gaussian and Cauchy–Lorentz distributions than the vertical velocity.**
- 2. Fr had little effect on the decay of the mean velocity for a circular jet when $Re > 1 \times 10^4$.**
- 3. The lateral and vertical spreads showed a quadratic relationship with the streamwise distance for different values of Fr at $X/d < 10$.**
- 4. The positions of maximum mean velocity decay were independent of Fr and S/d when $X/d < 10$.**

Perspective

The decay, spread and maximum velocity position of the mean velocity for a circular offset jet can remain stable under different values of Fr , offset height and submergence ratio.



The research results have been successfully applied to the pressure discharge tunnel of Xiangjiaba Hydropower station.