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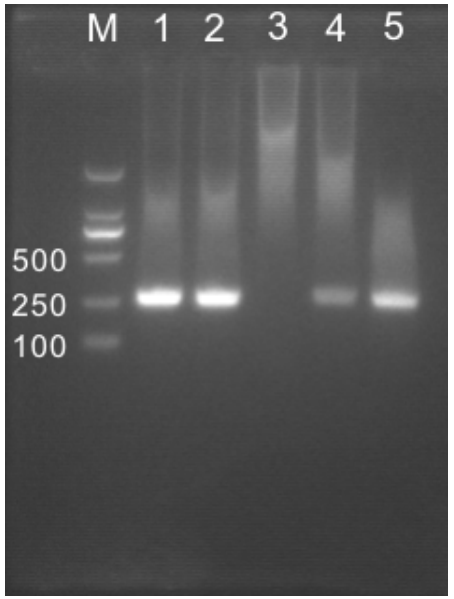
A case report on indirect transmission of human rabies

JZUS-B

Key words: Rabies, Communicable diseases, Virus, Vaccination

Research Summary

- A middle-aged male worker, who had no prior history of animal bites or exposure to animal body fluids, suffered from human rabies.
- It is possible that rabies virus was indirectly transmitted to another by exposure of damaged skin by saliva-contaminated blood from an individual bitten by a rabid dog.



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Research Summary

- Thus, a key lesson which the current case reveals is that in instances where broken skin or mucous membranes have been exposed to saliva-contaminated blood of an individual who has been bitten by an animal, he/she should receive **timely** the administration of **post-exposure prophylaxis**.

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