

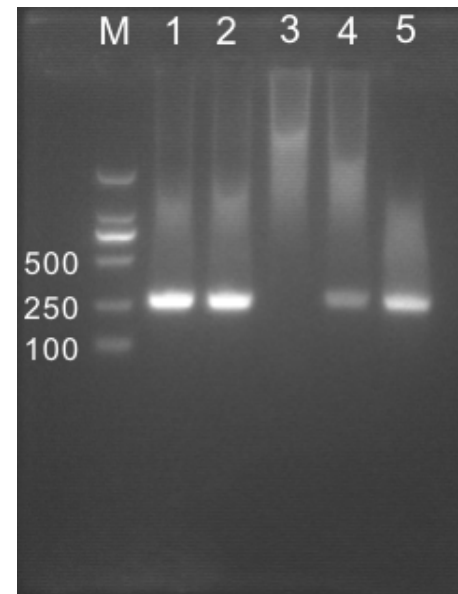
Cite this as: Jian-yong ZHU, Jian PAN, Yuan-qiang LU, 2015. A case report on indirect transmission of human rabies. *Journal of Zhejiang University-Science B (Biomedicine & Biotechnology)*, **16**(11): 969-970. [doi:10.1631/jzus.B1500109]

A case report on indirect transmission of human rabies

Key words: Rabies, Communicable diseases, Virus, Vaccination

Research Summary

- A middle-aged male worker, who had no prior history of animal bites or exposure to animal body fluids, suffered from human rabies.
- It is possible that rabies virus was indirectly transmitted to another by exposure of damaged skin by saliva-contaminated blood from an individual bitten by a rabid dog.



Research Summary

- Thus, a key lesson which the current case reveals is that in instances where broken skin or mucous membranes have been exposed to saliva-contaminated blood of an individual who has been bitten by an animal, he/she should receive **timely** the administration of **post-exposure prophylaxis**.