

Cite this as: Da-wei LIU, Hong-yi LIU, Hai-bin ZHANG, Ming-chang CAO, Yong SUN, Wen-da WU, Chang-hu LU, 2016. Potential natural exposure of endangered red-crowned crane (*Grus japonensis*) to mycotoxins aflatoxin B₁, deoxynivalenol, zearalenone, T-2 toxin, and ochratoxin A. *Journal of Zhejiang University-Science B (Biomedicine & Biotechnology)*. **17**(2):158-168.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1631/jzus.B1500211>

Potential natural exposure of endangered red-crowned crane (*Grus japonensis*) to mycotoxins aflatoxin B₁, deoxynivalenol, zearalenone, T-2 toxin, and ochratoxin A

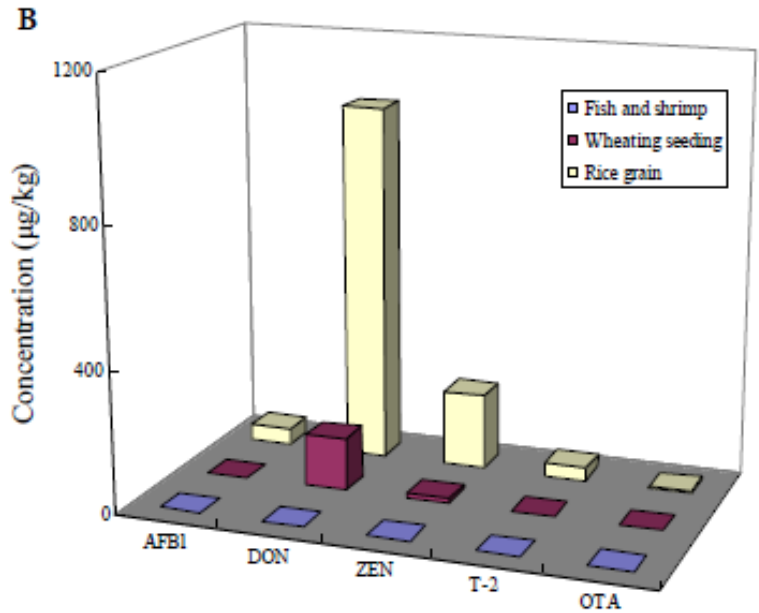
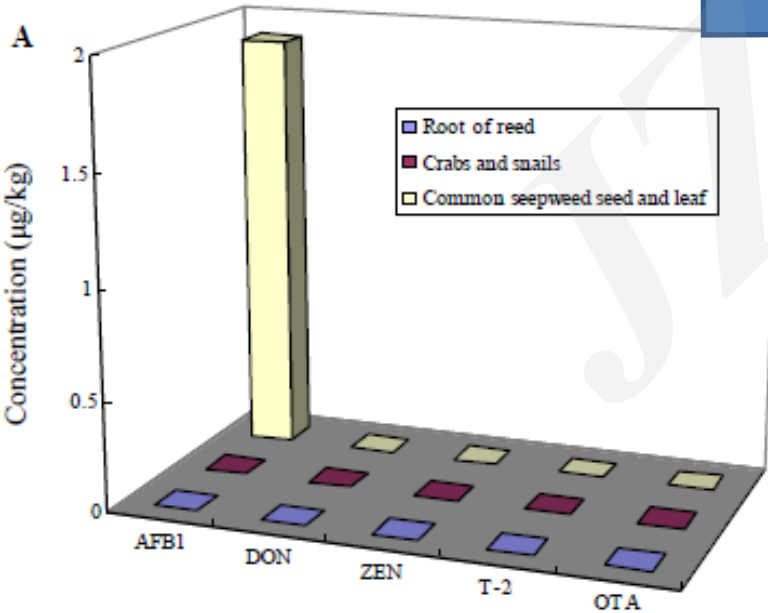
Key words: Food, Mycotoxin, Red-crowned crane, Yancheng Biosphere Reserve

Focus on:

Whether red-crowned cranes were exposed to mycotoxins during the wintering period in the Yancheng Biosphere Reserve?



Results



- Red-crowned cranes were exposed to mycotoxins in the Yancheng Biosphere Reserve
- Artificial wetlands could not be considered good habitats for the birds in this reserve, especially rice fields