

Cite this as: Lily YU, Xiuhua LIU, Xiaochun YU, 2021. ADP-ribosylhydrolases: from DNA damage repair to COVID-19. *Journal of Zhejiang University-Science B (Biomedicine & Biotechnology)*, **22**(1):21-30.
<https://doi.org/10.1631/jzus.B2000319>

ADP-ribosylhydrolases: from DNA damage repair to COVID-19

Keywords: DNA damage repair, SARS-CoV-2, ADP-ribosylation, macrodomain, ADP-ribosylhydrolase, deADP-ribosylation

Research Summary

The macrodomain ADP-ribosylhydrolases are involved in the removal of ADP-ribosylation, and play important roles in DNA damage repair. This review focused on the following aspects:

- Human macrodomain ADP-ribosylhydrolases
- Human catalytically inactive macrodomain proteins
- Macrodomain in lower organisms
- Viral macrodomain proteins

Innovation points

- **Introduction** of the macrodomain proteins of different species from biological functions to structural characteristics.
- **Summary** of catalytic mechanisms of these macrodomains in the hydrolyzation of ADP-ribose, their biological functions in DNA damage repair, and structural differences of enzymatically active and inactive macrodomains.
- **Emphasis** of targeting viral macrodomains to treat virus-induced diseases.

Innovation points

- **A series of structural figures are generated to compare these macrodomain proteins.**
- **Figure 2 Structural analysis of human ADP-ribosylhydrolases.**
- **Figure 3 Structural analysis of enzymatically inactive macrodomains.**
- **Figure 4 Structural analysis of viral macrodomains from CHIKV, SARS and SARS-CoV-2.**