

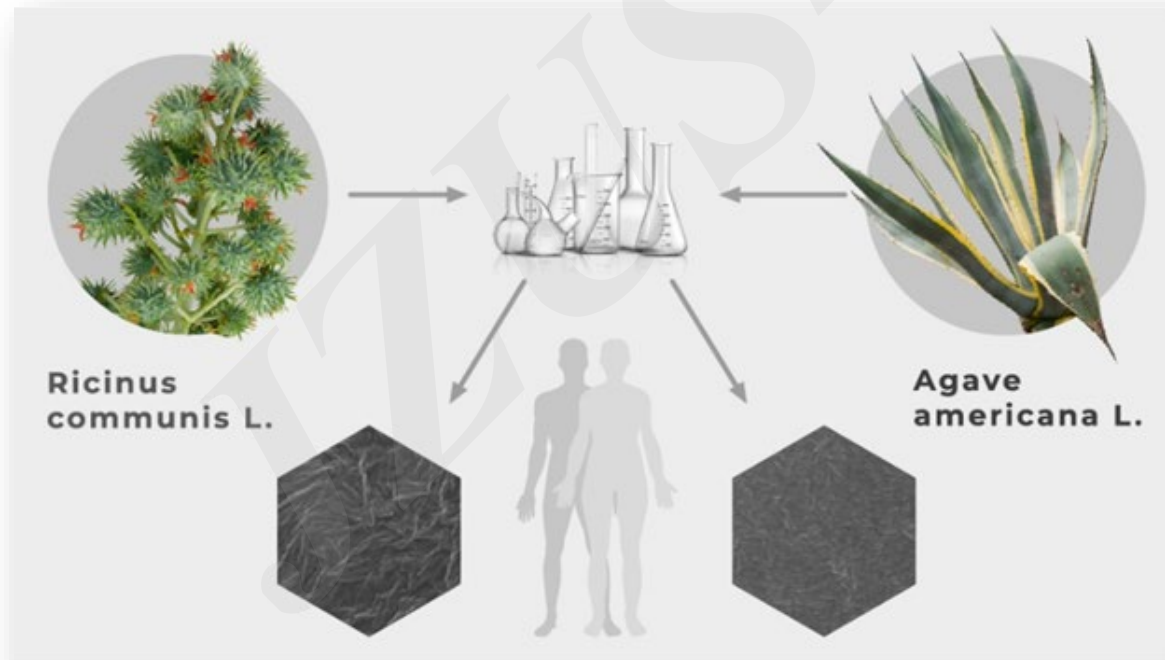
Cite this as: Olga L. EVDOKIMOVA, Carla S. ALVES, Radenka M. KRSMANOVIĆ WHIFFEN, Zaida ORTEGA, Helena TOMÁS, João RODRIGUES. Cytocompatible cellulose nanofibers from invasive plant species *Agave americana* L. and *Ricinus communis* L.: a renewable green source of highly crystalline nanocellulose[J]. *Journal of Zhejiang University Science B*, 2021, 22(6): 450-461.
<https://doi.org/10.1631/jzus.B2000683>

**Cytocompatible cellulose nanofibers from
invasive plant species *Agave americana* L. and
Ricinus communis L.: a renewable green source of
highly crystalline nanocellulose**

Key words: nanofibers, nanocellulose, *Agave americana* L.,
Ricinus communis L., crystallinity, invasive species,
biomedical applications

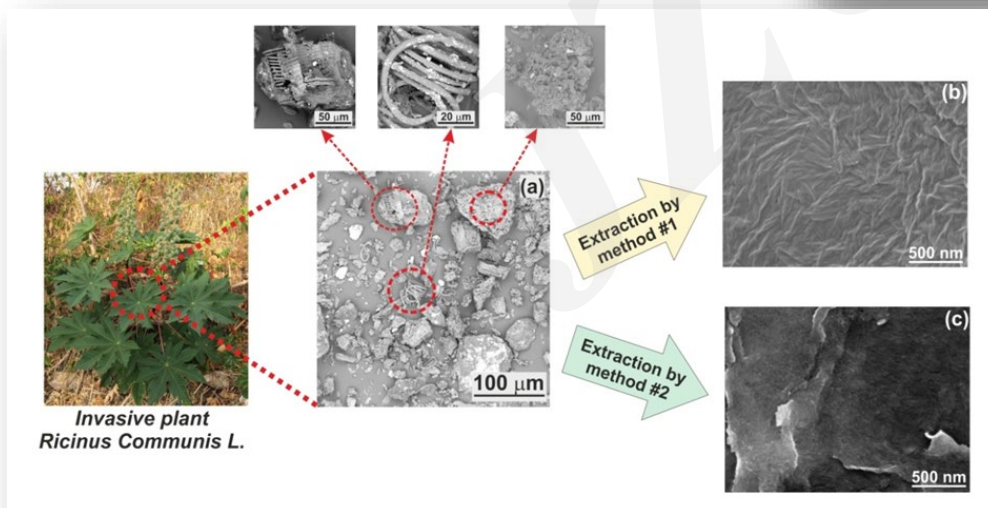
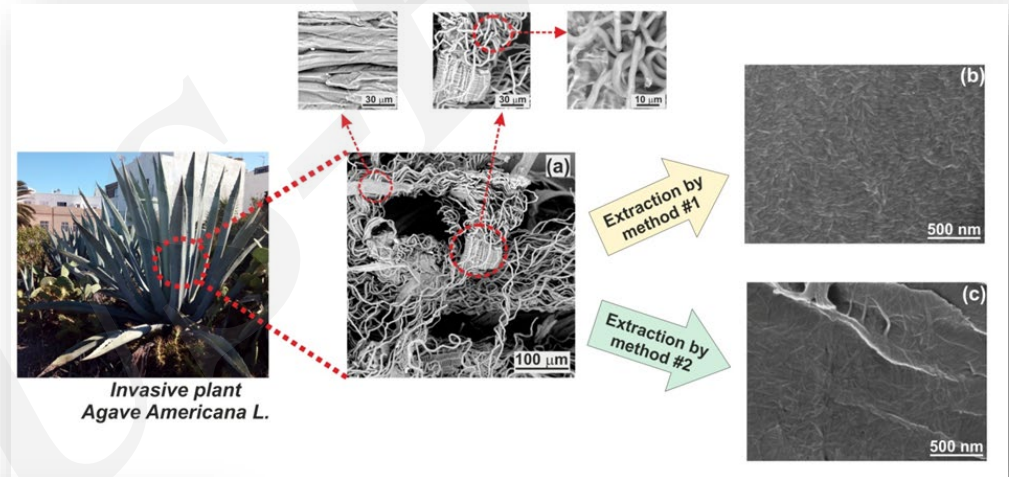
Synopsis:

The invasive and fast-growing species *Agave americana* L. and *Ricinus communis* L. were successfully used as a new renewable and green source of highly crystalline and cytocompatible nanocellulose.



Innovation points

- Fibers of invasive species *Agave americana* L. and *Ricinus communis* L. were successfully used as a new source to produce very highly crystalline cellulose nanofibers with a crystallinity index (CI) of 94% and 92.7 %, respectively.



Innovation points

- The nanofibers produced are cytocompatible in the concentration range tested (0-500 $\mu\text{g/mL}$) on HEK 293T cells.

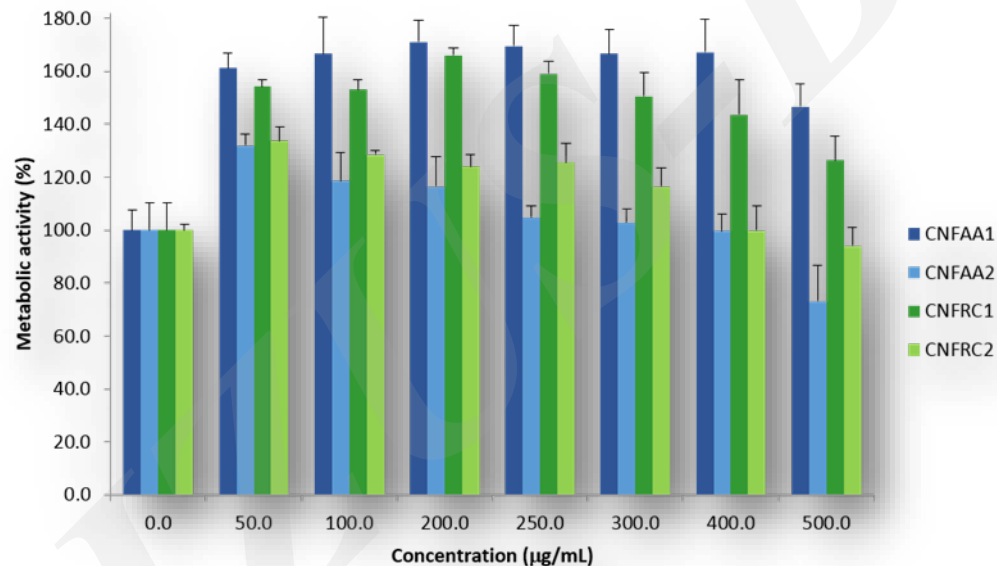


Figure 7. MTT viability assay of HEK 293T cells treated with cellulose nanofibers derived from *Agave americana L.* and *Ricinus communis L.*. Increasing concentrations of the CNF_{AA1} , CNF_{AA2} , CNF_{RC1} , and CNF_{RC2} samples were used to treat the cells for 48 hours after cell seeding. All results are expressed as the mean \pm sd.

Innovation points

- **Emphasis**

This work demonstrates that not only can nanocellulose be extracted from the fibers of *Agave americana L.* and *Ricinus communis L.*, but it has high intrinsic potential as a new renewable, green source of highly crystalline cellulose-based nanomaterials for biomedical applications.

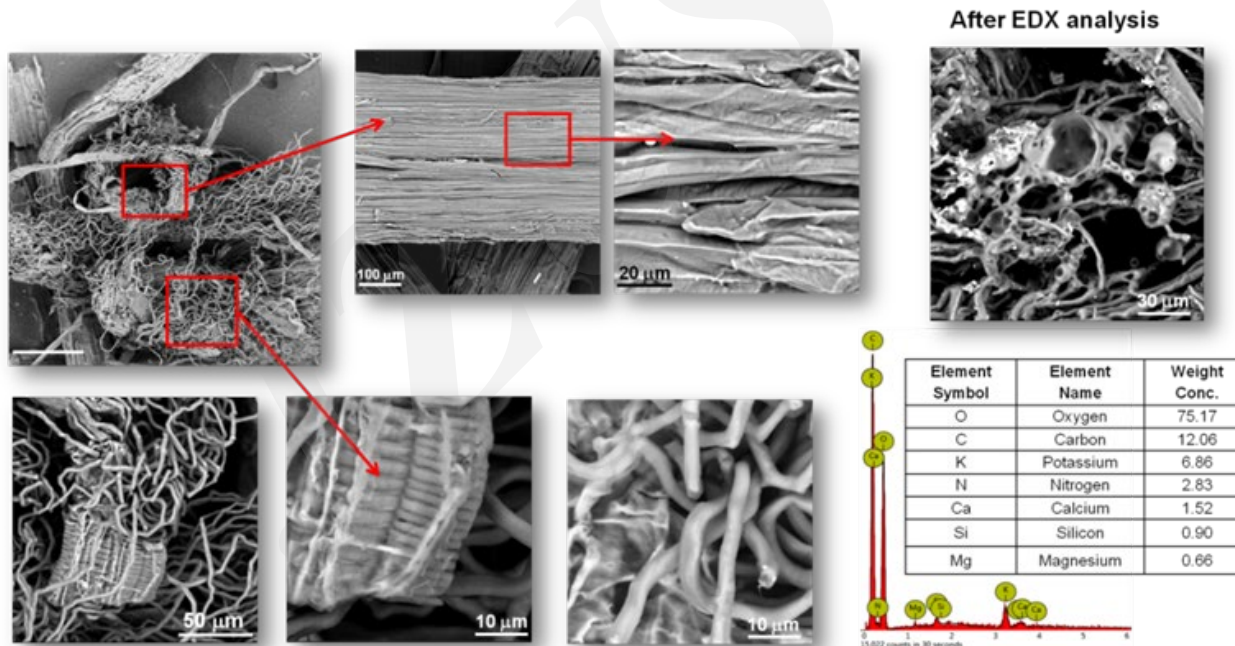


Figure S1. SEM images of raw *Agave Americana L.* together with EDX analysis.