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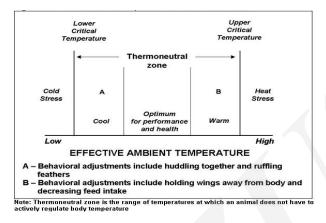
Magnolol pretreatment attenuates heat stress-induced IEC-6 cell injury

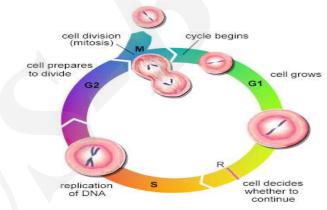
Key words: Cell-cycle arrest, cell injury, heat stress, IEC-6 cell lines, magnolol

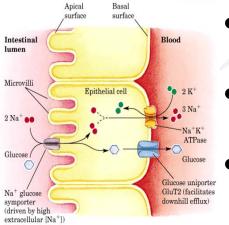
Research Summary

This review mainly focused on the pre-treatment of Magnolol alleviate IEC-6 cell injury after heat stress in the following

aspects:



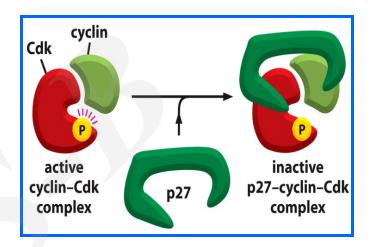


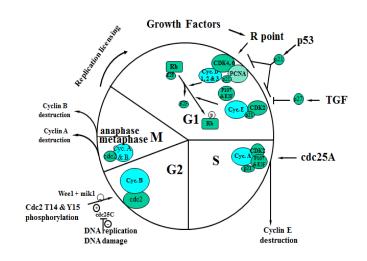


- Heat stress induced rat intestine epithelial cells (IEC-6) injury.
- Heat stress caused IEC-6 cell cycle arrest in G1 phase.
- Magnolol promoted G1 phase cell cycle resumption after heat stress and remitted IEC-6 injury condition.

Innovation points

- Introduction of the heat-stress impact on IEC-6 cell injury and Magnolol anti-heat stress effect.
- Summary of the most updated research progress about Magnolol and G1—phase cell--cycle arrest in cellular biology studies.
- Emphasis of the newly identified interplay among Magnolol remitted cell-cycle-arrest by regulating G1 phase genes and proteins expression.





Innovation points

A series of comprehensive figures were generated to summarize the latest knowledge about Magnolol anti-heat stress effect.

- Figure 1 | Structure of Mag.
- Figure 2 | Mag toxicity in IEC-6 cells by MTS cell proliferation assay.
- Figure 3 Comparing three effective concentrations of Mag by MTS cell proliferation assay.
- Figure 4 | Mag pretreatment increased cell counts after HS by hemocytometer.
- Figure 5 LDH activity in IEC-6 cells.
- Figure 6 Mag-corrected cell-cycle progression in IEC-6 cells after HS.
- Figure 7 | Mag increases IEC-6 cell division, based on EdU incorporation.
- Figure 8 | Mag modulates levels of G1-phase cell-cycle genes in IEC-6 cells.
- Figure 9 Mag induces G1-phase cell-cycle restoration after HS.